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## Seminar report

on

# **Low Cost Automatic**

Submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirement for the award of degree of Electronics

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## **Preface**

I have made this report file on the topic **Low Cost Automatic.** I have tried my best to elucidate all the relevant detail to the topic to be included in the report. While in the beginning I have tried to give a general view about this topic.

My efforts and wholehearted co-corporation of each and everyone has ended on a successful note. I express my sincere gratitude to ......who assisting me throughout the prepration of this topic. I thank him for providing me the reinforcement, confidence and most importantly the track for the topic whenever I needed it.

#### **LOW COST AUTOMATIC**

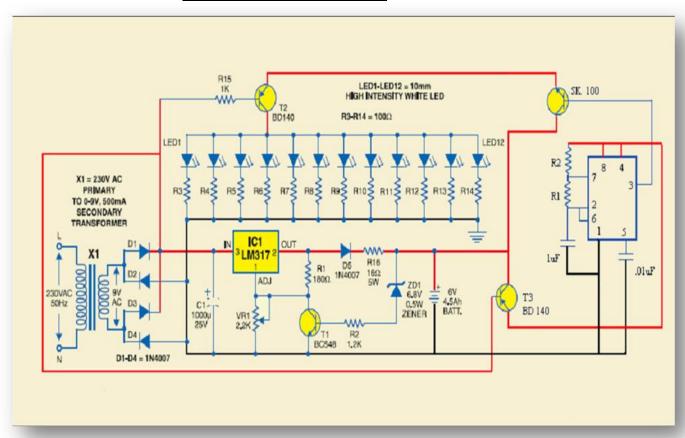
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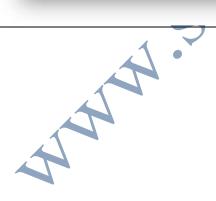
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#### **INTRODUCTION**

- Growing demand for the saving of electricity.
- Failure in power supply causes difficulty and inconvenience.
- An automatic emergency lamp that uses LED.
- Highly bright due to use of white LEDs.
- Turns on when mains supply fails ,turns off when power resumes.
- atic afficient and Has own battery charger -stops charging automatically when fully charged.
  - This project aims to develop most power efficient and user friendly

#### **CIRCUIT DIAGRAM**





#### **WORKING**

The circuit has three sections:

- > The charger power supply section:
  - Transformer: steps down(9V,500mA).
  - Bridge rectifier: rectifies transformer output.
  - LM317: voltage regulation.
  - Battery: provides supply when mains fails.
  - Zener diode: conducts when battery crosses its capacity.

#### > 555 timer section:

Control the LED section by PWM.

#### > LED driver section:

- Build around BD 140.
- 12 white LEDs connected in parallel.
- LED section glows when mains fails.
- Made to blink using a stable operation of 555.
- Appear fulltime ON due to persistence of vision

#### ADVANTAGES AND DISADVANTAGES OF LED

- <u>Efficiency</u>: more light per watt than incandescent bulbs.
- Color: can emit of an intended color without use of color filters.
- <u>Size</u>: very small.
- On/off time: light up very quickly.
- cycling: can be subjected to frequent on-off cycling
- Dimming: can be dimmed by PWM.
- <u>Slow failure</u>: mostly fail by dimming over time, rather than abrupt burn-out of incandescent bulbs.
- <u>Life time</u>: long useful life time.
- Toxicity: LEDs do not contain mercury, unlike fluorescent lamps.

#### **CONCLUSION**

- The project was concluded to be innovative for the improvement of day today life.
- Device also adds a new look to the traditional lamps.
- The use of PWM helps us to reduce the wastage of energy.
- The cost of implementing this circuit is also very less an added advantage in using this circuit.

### **FUTURE SCOPE**

- We can again modernize this project using PWM.
- It is expected that with additional development and growing researches, the PWM will gain more popularity and the cost of these bulbs will eventually decline.
- This project can be adopted for mass production as cheap and efficient method.



#### **REFERENCES**

- WWW. Stildymatha. Or Co